Our Docket No.: 01-0310 / 7553.00019

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:

Applicant:

Stephen J. Brown

Application No.:

09/810.334

Examiner

Koppikar, V.

Filed:

March 14, 2001

Art Group:

3686

For:

INTERACTIVE PATIENT COMMUNICATION DEVELOPMENT

SYSTEM FOR REPORTING ON PATIENT HEALTHCARE

MANAGEMENT

APPEAL BRIEF

Mail Stop - Appeal Brief Patents Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

Appellant submits the following Appeal Brief pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §41.37 for consideration

by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences. Enclosed herewith is the charge \$540.00 to cover

the cost of (i) filing the opening brief, as required by 37 C.F.R. §41.20(b)(2). Please charge any

additional fees or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account Number 50-0541.

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I. REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

The real parties in interest are Health Hero Network, Inc., the assignee of record and

a subsidiary of the Robert Bosch North America, and Abbott Diabetes Care, a subsidiary of Abbott

Laboratories, Inc., a licensee of the application.

II. RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

There are no related appeals or interferences known to the Appellant, Appellant's

legal representative, or Assignee which will directly affect or be directly affected by or have a

bearing on the Board's decision in the pending appeal.

III. STATUS OF CLAIMS

Claims 1-7, 9-16 and 18-22 are pending and remain rejected. Claims 8 and 17 have

been canceled. The Appellant hereby appeals the rejection of claims 1-7, 9-16 and 18-22.

IV. STATUS OF AMENDMENTS

Appellant is appealing a final Office Action issued by the Examiner on October 17,

2008. On December 11, 2008, Appellant filed an Amendment After Final that amended claim 19

and requested reconsideration of all other claims. On December 23, 2008, the Examiner issued an

Advisory Action indicating that (i) the rejections were being maintained and (ii) the amendment was

entered. On January 16, 2009, Appellant filed a Notice of Appeal.

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V. SUMMARY OF CLAIMED SUBJECT MATTER

A. In a first embodiment, represented by independent claim 1, the presently claimed

invention provides a server (system 10) generally including a questionnaire generator (dialog

composer (20), a database in a storage medium (library 120) and a profile generator (profile

composer 30). The server is generally configured to assemble care specific content objects, referred

to as dialogs (300), into programs for patient healthcare management. The programs may

subsequently be transferred to individuals (the patients 100) at remote apparatuses (remote

terminals). Operations of the server are generally described on page 2 line 1 to page 3 line 11 and

page 4 line 11 to page 5 line 9 and illustrated in FIG. 1 of the application.

The questionnaire generator may be for (i) generating a questionnaire comprising (a)

one or more questions (130) for determining an expression of risk for an individual, (b) a first

number of answer options (140) to each question and (c) one or more follow-up actions (150). The

expression of risk generally concerns at least one of a physical condition of the individual (134), a

mental condition of the individual (136), and a behavior of the individual (132). The questionnaire

generator may also be for (ii) associating each of the answer options with one of a second number

of values (FIG. 6, x-axis 1-9 point risk scale) representing a level of risk, the second number of

values may be greater than the first number of answer options and (iii) transmitting the questionnaire

from the server to an apparatus (of the patient 100). The apparatus is generally (a) associated with

the individual and (b) remotely found from the server. Operations of the questionnaire generator are

generally described on page 5 lines 10-24 and page 6 line 20 to page 7 line 17, as illustrated in FIGS.

2 and 5 of the application.

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The database may contain model information relating to (i) an aspect of care (620).

(ii) the expression of risk (630) and (iii) the level of risk (610). The database is generally illustrated

in FIG. 6 and described in the corresponding text on page 7 line 18 to page 8 line 7 of the

application.

The profile generator may be for (i) generating a profile for the individuals (see

FIG. 7) based on one or more of the aspects of care, responses to the questions, the expression of risk

and risk associated with the individual and (ii) sending health related information to the individual

based on the profile (750, 752, 754). The data relating to the physical condition of the individual

generally comprises patient information from one or more medical claims (stored in 320) received

by the server from some medical claims paying organization associated with the individual. Creation

of the profile is generally described on page 8 line 8 to page 9 line 4 and is illustrated in FIG. 7 of

the application.

B In a second embodiment, represented by independent claim 10, the presently claimed

invention provides a method (of the system 10) for providing customized health information to an

individual (the patients 100). The method generally includes steps (A) to (F). The method may be

implemented by the server (system 10) to assemble care specific content objects, called dialogs

(300), into programs for patient healthcare management. The programs may subsequently be

transferred to the individuals at remote apparatuses (remote terminals). Steps of the method are

generally described on page 2 line 1 to page 3 line 11 and page 4 line 11 to page 5 line 9 and

illustrated in FIGS, 2-5, 7 and 8 of the application.

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Step (A) may generate a questionnaire comprising (i) one or more questions (130) for

determining an expression of risk for the individual, (ii) a first number of answer options (140) to

each question and (iii) one or more follow-up actions (150). The expression of risk generally

concerns at least one of a physical condition of the individual (134), a mental condition of the

individual (136), and a behavior of the individual (132). Step (A) may be implemented by the

questionnaire generator (dialog composer 20). Step (B) may associate each of the answer options

with one of a second number of values (FIG. 6, x-axis 1-9 point risk scale) representing a level of

risk, the second number may be greater than the first number. Step (C) may transfer the

questionnaire from a server to an apparatus (of the patient's 100). The apparatus is generally (i)

associated with the individual and (ii) remotely located from the server. Steps (A), (B) and (C) may

be implemented by the question naire generator, generally described on page 5 lines $10\mbox{-}24$ and page

6 line 20 to page 7 line 17, and illustrated in FIGS. 2 and 5 of the application.

Step (D) may access a database in a storage medium (library 120), the database

generally contains model information relating to (i) an aspect of care (620), (ii) the expression of risk

 $\left(630\right)$ and (iii) the level of risk (610). The database is generally illustrated in FIG. 6 and described

in the corresponding text on page 7 line 18 to page 8 line 7 of the application.

Step (E) may generate a profile for the individual (FIG. 7) based on one or more of

the aspects of care, responses to the questions, the expression of risk and the levels of risk associated $\,$

with the individual. Creation of the profile is generally described on page 8 line 8 to page 9 line 4 $\,$

as illustrated in FIG. 7 of the application. Step (F) may send health related information to the

individual based on the profile (750, 752, 754). The data relating to the physical condition of the

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individual generally comprises patient information from one or more medical claims (stored in 320)

received by the server from some medical claims paying organization associated with the individual.

C. In a third embodiment, represented by independent claim 19, the presently claimed

invention provides a storage medium for use in a server (system 10) to communicate with one or

more patient (100) devices. The storage medium generally records a computer program that is

readable and executable by the server. The computer program may include steps (A) to (E). The

computer program may be executed by the server to assemble care specific content objects, called

dialogs (300), into programs for patient healthcare management. The programs may subsequently

be transferred to the individuals at the patient devices (remote terminals). Steps of the method are

generally described on page 2 line 1 to page 3 line 11 and page 4 line 11 to page 5 line 9 and

illustrated in FIGS. 2-5, 7 and 8 of the application.

Step (A) may display a plurality of icons of a plurality of questions (510), a plurality

of answers (520), a plurality of follow-up actions (530) and a plurality of follow-up answers (540)

Step (B) may be to receive a selection to each of a particular question of the questions (510), a

particular answer of the answers (520), a particular follow-up action of the follow-up actions (530)

and a particular follow-up answer of the follow-up answers (540) from a user (of the system 100).

Step (C) may link the icons of the particular question (510), the particular answer (520), the

particular follow-up action (530) and particular follow-up responses (540). Step (D) may convert

the linked icons into a questionnaire (program). Steps (A) to (D) may be implemented by a dialog

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composer 20. Operations are generally described on page 5 lines 10-24 and page 6 line 20 to page

7 line17, as illustrated in FIGS. 2 and 5 of the application.

Step (E) may transmit (daily 750, weekly 760 or other time basis 754) the

questionnaire to the one or more patient devices over a communication network. Step (E) may be

implemented by a program composer 30. Scheduling of the transmissions is generally described on

page 8 lines 17-26, as illustrated in FIG. 7.

VI. GROUNDS OF REJECTION TO BE REVIEWED ON APPEAL

The single ground of rejection is whether claims 1-7, 9-16 and 18-22 are patentable

under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) over Papageorge, U.S. Patent No. 6,584,445.

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VII. ARGUMENTS

A. 35 U.S.C. §102

As set forth on page 2 of the final Office Action, claims 1-7, 9-16 and 18-22 are

rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by Papageorge.

The Federal Circuit has stated: "A claim is anticipated only if each element as set

forth in the claim is found, either expressly or inherently described, in a single prior art reference."2

"The elements must be arranged as required by the claim." The Federal circuit has added that the

anticipation determination is viewed from one of ordinary skill in the art: "There must be no

difference between the claimed invention and the reference disclosure, as viewed by a person of

ordinary skill in the field of the invention."⁴ As explained herein below, because Papageorge does

not show each element of the claims, arranged as in the claims, Papageorge does not anticipate the

claimed invention.

¹ Mailed October 17, 2008.

² Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (M.P.E.P.), Eighth Edition, Rev. 7, July 2008, §2131 citing Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. of California, 814 F.2d 628, USPQ2d 1051, 1053

(Fed Circ. 1987) (emphasis added).

³ M.P.E.P. §2131 citing *In re Bond*, 910 F.2d 831, 15 USPQ2d 1566 (Fed. Cir. 1990) (emphasis added).

⁴ Scripps Clinic & Research Found. v. Genentech Inc., 927 F.2d 1565, 18 U.S.P.Q.2d 1001,

1010 (Fed. Cir. 1991).

1. Claims 1 and 6 are patentable over Papageorge

Claim 1 provides a server comprising a questionnaire generator, a database in a

storage medium containing modeling information and a profile generator. The Examiner cited (i)

column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 and (ii) column 11 lines 15-30 of Papageorge in rejecting all of

the elements of claim 1. In contrast, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent

regarding any apparent structure that one of ordinary skill in the art could consider to be similar to

the claimed structure. The Examiner did not provide any findings of fact to support the conclusion

that Papageorge allegedly includes the claimed structure. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the

burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge shows each of the claim limitations as

arranged in the claims.

In particular, the cited text in (i) column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of Papageorge

describe an example of how to build a Computerized Health Evaluation System (CHES). The cited

text on column 11 lines 15-30 of Papageorge describe a processing phase of the CHES system.

However, none of the cited text appears to mention any particular structure beyond the use of a

computerized system. Nothing is said about a questionnaire generator, a database in a storage

medium, or a profile generator. The rest of Papageorge appears to be silent regarding the claimed

structural elements. Therefore, Papageorge does not show all of the claim limitations as arranged

in the claims.

In contrast, Papageorge appears to concern the creation and operation of the CHES

system. The CHES components include a database, a patient input module, a physician input module

and a computer algorithm per claims 1 and 8 of Papageorge. Column 6 line 66 to column 7 line 15

of Papageorge appear to describe (i) the patient input module as a module for storing patient answers

to questions and (ii) the physician input module as a module for storing physician input data. The

Abstract of Papageorge appears to describe the database as storing the latest medical findings

concerning the particular disease and condition. As will be shown below, the two input modules and

the database of Papageorge do not have all of the claim limitations of the questionnaire generator,

profile generator and database in a storage medium, as arranged in the claims. In particular, neither

input module of Papageorge has all of the claim limitations of the questionnaire generator. Neither

input module of Papageorge has all of the claim limitations of the profile generator. The database

of Papageorge does not contain modeling information, as does the claimed database. Therefore,

Papageorge does not disclose a questionnaire generator, a database in a storage medium containing

modeling information and a profile generator, as presently claimed.

Claim 1 further provides the questionnaire generator (i) generating a questionnaire

comprising one or more questions for determining an expression of risk for an individual. The

Examiner cited (i) column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 and (ii) column 11 lines 15-30 of Papageorge

in the rejection. In contrast, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding

the CHES system having a questionnaire generator that generates a questionnaire. The Examiner

did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly

reads on the claims. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to

establish that Papageorge shows each of the claim limitations as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, Papageorge mentions that a questionnaire is developed to pose questions

to which a patient can respond. The development of the questionnaire is described in column 8 line

8 of Papageorge as part of a process for "building" a CHES system. However, Papageorge appears

to be silent that any module of CHES generates the questionnaires. Instead, the various steps, such

as asking experts to reconcile practice view with published outcomes in column 8 item 2g, appear

to show that the section of Papageorge cited by the Examiner describes a process of creating a CHES

system, not an operation of the CHES system. FIG. 2 of Papageorge further shows the questionnaire

data is an input to the CHES system, but does not show the CHES system generating the

questionnaire itself. In particular, there is no arrow from the CHES system out to the patient to carry

the questionnaire. As such, the development of the questionnaires of Papageorge appears to be done

before the CHES system is operational. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe a questionnaire

generator for generating a questionnaire comprising one or more questions for determining an

expression of risk for an individual, as presently claimed.

Claim 1 further provides that the questionnaire comprises (c) one or more follow-up

actions. The Examiner again cited (i) column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 and (ii) column 11 lines

15-30 of Papageorge in the rejection. In contrast, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear

to be silent regarding generating a questionnaire containing follow-up actions. The Examiner did

not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly

reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to

establish that Papageorge shows each of the claim limitations as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, Papageorge mentions that a questionnaire is developed to pose questions

to which a patient can respond. However, Papageorge appears to be silent regarding the

questionnaire having anything other than questions. The questionnaire shown by Papageorge

appears limited in scope. Specifically, the text of Papageorge in column 8 lines 58-59 states that the

purpose of the patient questionnaire is "to elicit treatment preferences and their bases" such as

economic, family, lifestyles, fear of surgery, and pain. Nothing is said about the questionnaires

having follow-up actions. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe a questionnaire comprising one

or more follow-up actions, as presently claimed.

Claim 1 further provides that the questionnaire generator (ii) associates each of the

answer options with one of a second number of values representing a level of risk, the second

number of values being greater than the first number of answer options. The Examiner again cited

the same text in (i) column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 and (ii) column 11 lines 15-30 of Papageorge

in the rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding (i)

the number of response options available to the questions and (ii) the number of response options

being less than a second number of values representing a level of risk. Furthermore, the Examiner

did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly

reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to

establish that Papageorge shows each of the claim limitations as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, the text in column 11 lines 21-22 of Papageorge indicates that multiple

levels of risk can be associated each possible response computed. However, Papageorge appears to

be silent that fewer response options exist in the questionnaire than the multiple levels of risk.

Papageorge does not appear to make any associations between the number of answer options and the

levels of risk. In contrast, one of ordinary skill in the art would likely consider each set of answer

options to have a broad range of possible answers to allow for a clear indication of where the patient

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stands. For example, in asking the patient about a fear of surgical risk, the question of Papageorge

may hypothetically ask for the patient to describe his fear on a scale of 1 to N, where N is some large

number. The range of 1 to N may be mapped directly to, or normalized into the levels of risk.

Therefore, Papageorge does not describe a questionnaire generator that associates each of the answer

options with one of a second number of values representing a level of risk, the second number of

values being greater than the first numbers of answer options, as presently claimed.

Claim 1 further provides that the database contains model information relating to (i)

an aspect of care, (ii) the expression of risk and (iii) the level of risk. The Examiner again cited the

same text in column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of Papageorge in the rejection. However, the cited

 $text, and the \ rest \ of \ Papageorge \ appear \ to \ be \ silent \ regarding \ (i) \ model \ information \ and \ (ii) \ the \ model$

information comprising an aspect of care. The Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings

of fact to support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the

Examiner did not meet the burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge shows each

of the claim limitations as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding any

models. Papageorge appears to be silent regarding modeling information relating to an aspect of

care. Papageorge appears to be silent regarding modeling information relating to an expression of

risk. Papageorge appears to be silent regarding modeling information relating to a level of risk.

Furthermore, the database of Papageorge is only described as having medical findings concerning

the particular disease and condition per the Abstract of Papageorge. Therefore, Papageorge does not

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describe a database in a storage medium, the database containing model information relating to (i)

an aspect of care, (ii) the expression of risk and (iii) the level of risk, as presently claimed.

Claim 1 further provides that the physical condition of the individual comprises

patient information from one or more medical claims received by the server from some medical

claims paying organization associated with the individual. The Examiner cited the text in column

8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of Panageorge in the rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of

Papageorge appear to be silent regarding the reception of medical claims at the CHES system from

a medical claims paying organization associated with the patient. Furthermore, the Examiner did

not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly

reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden under M.P.E.P. \$2131 to

establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, column 6 lines 43-47 of Papageorge indicates that the CHES system is

used by the physicians and patients to eliminate influences from outside sources. In this case, a

medical claims paying organization would be an outside influence. Furthermore, Papageorge

appears to be silent regarding the CHES system receiving medical claims from a medical claims

paying organization. The only "claims" mentioned by Papageorge appear to be the patent claims at

the end of the document. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe that the physical condition of the

individual comprises patient information from one or more medical claims received by the server

from a medical claims paying organization associated with the individual, as presently claimed.

In summary, Papageorge appears to be silent regarding the claimed structure.

Papageorge does not appear to describe all of the claim limitations as arranged in the claimed

questionnaire generator. Papageorge does not appear to describe all of the claim limitations as

arranged in the claimed database. Papageorge does not appear to describe all of the claim limitations

as arranged in the claimed profile generator. Therefore, the requirements under M.P.E.P. \$2131 to

establish anticipation have not been meet. As such, the claimed invention is fully patentable over

the cited reference and the rejections should be reversed.

2. Claims 10, 14 and 15 are patentable over Papageorge

Claim 10 provides (A) generating a questionnaire comprising (i) one or more

questions for determining an expression of risk for the individual. The Examiner cited column 8 line

4 to column 9 line 33 Of Papageorge in the rejection. In contrast, the cited text, and the rest of

Papageorge appear to be silent regarding the CHES system generating a questionnaire. The

Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that

Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden under

M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations as arranged in

the claims

In contrast, Papageorge mentions that a questionnaire is developed to pose questions

to which a patient can respond. The development of the questionnaire is described in column 8 line

8 of Papageorge as being part of a process for "building" a CHES system. However, Papageorge

appears to be silent that any module of CHES generates the questionnaires. Instead, the various

steps, such as asking experts to reconcile practice view with published outcomes in column 8 item

2g, indicates that the section of Papageorge cited by the Examiner describes a process of creating a

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CHES system, not an operation of the CHES system. FIG. 2 of Papageorge further shows the

questionnaire data is an input to the CHES system, but does not show the CHES system generating

the questionnaire itself. In particular, there is no arrow from the CHES system out to the patient to

carry the questionnaire. As such, the development of the questionnaires of Papageorge appears to

be performed before the CHES systems is operational. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe

generating a questionnaire comprising one or more questions for determining an expression of risk

for the individual, as presently claimed.

Claim 10 further provides that the questionnaire comprises (c) one or more follow-up

actions. The Examiner cited (i) column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 and (ii) column 11 lines 15-30

of Papageorge in the rejection. In contrast, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be

silent regarding generating a questionnaire containing follow-up actions. The Examiner did not

provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly reads

on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden under M.P.E.P. \$2131 to establish

that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, Papageorge mentions that a questionnaire is developed to pose questions

to which a patient can respond. However, Papageorge appears to be silent regarding the

questionnaire having anything other than questions. The questionnaire disclosed by Papageorge is

limited in scope. Specifically, the text of Papageorge in column 8 lines 58-59 states that the purpose

of the patient questionnaire is "to elicit treatment preferences and their bases" such as economic,

family, lifestyles, fear of surgery, and pain. Nothing is said about the questionnaires having follow-

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up actions. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe a questionnaire comprising one or more follow-

up actions, as presently claimed.

Claim 10 further provides (B) associating each of the answer options with one of a

second number of values representing a level of risk, the second number being greater than the first

number. The Examiner again cited the same text in (i) column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 and (ii)

column 11 lines 15-30 of Papageorge in the rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of

Papageorge appear to be silent regarding (i) the number of response options available to the

questions and (ii) the number of response options being less than a number of values representing

a level of risk. Furthermore, the Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to

support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did

not meet the burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim

limitations as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, the text in column 11 lines 21-22 of Papageorge indicates multiple levels

of risk can be associated each possible response computed. However, Papageorge appears to be

silent that fewer response options exist in the questionnaire than the multiple levels of risk.

Papageorge does not appear to make any associations between the number of answer options and the

levels of risk. In particular, one of ordinary skill in the art would likely consider each set of answer

options to have a broad range of possible answers to allow for a clear indication of where the patient

stands. For example, in asking the patient about a fear of surgical risk, the question of Papageorge

may hypothetically ask for the patient to describe his fear on a scale of 1 to N, where N is some large

number. The range of 1 to N may map directly to, or be normalized into the levels of risk. Therefore,

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Papageorge does not describe associating each of the answer options with one of a second number

of values representing a level of risk, the second number being greater than the first number, as

presently claimed.

Claim 10 further provides (D) accessing a database in a storage medium, the database

containing model information relating to (i) an aspect of care, (ii) the expression of risk and (iii) the

level of risk. The Examiner again cited the same text in column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of

Papageorge in the rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent

regarding (i) model information and (ii) the model information comprising an aspect of care. The

Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that

Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden under

M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations as arranged in

the claims.

In contrast, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding any

models. Papageorge appears to be silent regarding modeling information relating to an aspect of

care. Papageorge appears to be silent about modeling information relating to an expression of risk.

Papageorge appears to be silent about modeling information relating to the level of risk.

Furthermore, the database of Papageorge is only described as having medical findings concerning

a particular disease and condition per the Abstract of Papageorge. Therefore, Papageorge does not

describe accessing a database in a storage medium, the database containing model information

relating to (i) an aspect of care, (ii) the expression of risk and (iii) the level of risk, as presently

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claimed.

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Claim 10 further provides that the physical condition of the individual comprises

patient information from one or more medical claims received by the server from a medical claims

paying organization associated with the individual. The Examiner cited the text in column 8 line 4

to column 9 line 33 of Papageorge in the rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of

Papageorge appear to be silent regarding the reception of medical claims at the CHES system from

a medical claims paying organization associated with the patient. Furthermore, the Examiner did

not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly

reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to

establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, column 6 lines 43-47 of Papageorge indicates that the CHES system is

used by the physicians and patients to eliminate influences from outside sources. In this case, a

medical claims paying organization would be an outside influence. Furthermore, Papageorge

appears to be silent regarding the CHES system receiving medical claims from a medical claims

paying organization. The only "claims" mentioned by Papageorge appear to be the patent claims at

the end of the document. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe that the physical condition of the

individual comprises patient information from one or more medical claims received by the server

from a medical claims paying organization associated with the individual, as presently claimed.

In summary, Papageorge is silent regarding generating a questionnaire with the CHES

system. Papageorge is silent regarding one or more follow-up actions in the questionnaire.

Papageorge is silent regarding associating each of the answer options with one of a second number

of values representing a level of risk. Papageorge is silent regarding a database in a storage medium.

the database containing model information. Papageorge is silent regarding patient information from

one or more medical claims. Therefore, the requirements under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish

anticipation have not been meet. As such, the claimed invention is fully patentable over the cited

reference and the rejection should be reversed.

3. Claims 19 and 20 are patentable over Papageorge

Claim 19 provides (A) displaying a plurality of icons of a plurality of questions, a

plurality of answers, a plurality of follow-up actions and a plurality of follow-up answers. The

Examiner cited (i) column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 and (ii) the Abstract of Papageorge in the

rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appears to be silent regarding icons

of (i) questions, (ii) answers, (iii) follow-up actions and (iv) follow-up answers. The Examiner did

not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly

reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to

establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, none of the text of Papageorge cited by the Examiner mentions icons.

Furthermore, the word "icon" does not appear to be in any of the text or figures of Papageorge.

Nothing is said in Papageorge about question icons, answer icons, follow-up action icons or follow-

up answer icons. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe displaying a plurality of icons of a

plurality of questions, a plurality of answers, a plurality of follow-up actions and a plurality of

follow-up answers, as presently claimed

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Claim 19 further provides (B) receiving a selection to each of a particular question

of the questions, a particular answer of the answers, a particular follow-up action of the follow-up

actions and a particular follow-up answer of the follow-up answers from a user. The Examiner again

cited (i) column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 and (ii) the Abstract of Papageorge in the rejection.

However, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding selections of (i) a

particular question, (ii) a particular answer, (iii) a particular follow-up action and (iv) a particular

follow-up answer. The Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the

conclusion that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the

burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations

as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding any

selections of icons. Papageorge appears to be silent regarding icons of follow-up actions.

Papageorge appears to be silent regarding icons of follow-up answers. Therefore, Papageorge does

not describe receiving a selection to each of a particular question of the questions, a particular

answer of the answers, a particular follow-up action of the follow-up actions and a particular follow-

up answer of the follow-up answers from a user, as presently claimed.

Claim 19 further provides (C) linking the particular icons. The Examiner cited

column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of Papageorge in the rejection. However, the cited text, and the

rest of Papageorge appears to be silent regarding linking of icons. The Examiner did not provide any

arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim.

 $Therefore, the \, Examiner \, did \, not \, meet \, the \, burden \, under \, M.P.E.P. \, \S 2131 \, to \, establish \, that \, Papageorge$

discloses each of the claim limitations as arranged in the claims.

As noted above, Papageorge does not mention icons. Papageorge appears to be silent

regarding icons of follow-up actions. Papageorge appears to be silent regarding icons of follow-up

answers. In the absence of the icons, one of ordinary skill in the art would not understand

Papageorge to allegedly explain how to link the nonexisting icons. Therefore, Papageorge does not

describe linking the particular icons, as presently claimed.

Claim 19 further provides (D) converting the linked icons into a questionnaire. The

Examiner again cited column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of Papageorge in the rejection. However,

the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding converting icons into a

questionnaire. The Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the

conclusion that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the

burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations

as arranged in the claims.

As mentioned above, Papageorge does not mention icons. Hence, one of ordinary

skill in the art would not understand Papageorge to allegedly explain how to convert the questions

allegedly linked to nonexistent icons into a questionnaire. Furthermore, Papageorge mentions that

a questionnaire is developed to pose questions to which a patient can respond. The development of

the questionnaire is described in column 8 line 8 of Papageorge as being part of a process

for "building" a CHES system. However, Papageorge appears to be silent that any module of CHES

generates the questionnaires. Instead, the various steps, such as asking experts to reconcile practice

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view with published outcomes in column 8 item 2g, indicates that the section of Papageorge cited

by the Examiner describes a process of creating a CHES system, not an operation of the CHES

system. FIG. 2 of Papageorge further shows the questionnaire data is an input to the CHES system,

but does not show the CHES system generating the questionnaire itself. In particular, there is no

arrow from the CHES system out to the patient to carry the questionnaire. As such, the development

of the questionnaires of Papageorge appears to be performed before the CHES systems is

operational. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe converting the linked icons into a

questionnaire, as presently claimed.

In summary, Papageorge is silent regarding displaying a plurality of icons of a

plurality of questions, a plurality of answers, a plurality of follow-up actions and a plurality of

follow-up answers. Papageorge is silent regarding receiving a selection to each of a particular

question of the questions, a particular answer of the answers, a particular follow-up action of the

follow-up actions and a particular follow-up answer of the follow-up answers from a user.

Papageorge is silent regarding linking the particular icons. Papageorge is also silent regarding

converting the linked icons into a questionnaire. Therefore, the requirements under M.P.E.P. §2131

to establish anticipation have not been meet. As such, the claimed invention is fully patentable over

the cited reference and the rejections should be reversed.

Claims 2 and 11 are patentable over Papageorge 4.

Claim 2 depends, directly or indirectly, from claim 1 and, therefore, includes all the

limitations of claim 1. Consequently, the arguments presented above in support of claim 1 are

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hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 2. Claim 11 depends, directly or indirectly,

from claim 10 and, therefore, includes all the limitations of claim 10. Consequently, the arguments

presented above in support of claim 10 are hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 11.

However, claim 2 recites a further limitation that the profile of the individual is updated based on

one or more follow-up responses.

The Examiner cited the text in column 8 lines 22-24 of Papageorge in the rejection.

However, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding follow-up

responses. The Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion

that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden

under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations as

arranged in the claims.

In contrast, the cited text of Papageorge mentions follow-up study publications that

collect and analyze treatment outcome data. The "follow-ups" of Papageorge are not in the

questionnaires of Papageorge. The "follow-ups" of Papageorge are not associated with any

particular patient using the CHES system and thus do not appear to be suitable to update a profile

of a patient using the CHES system. The "follow-up" studies are assessed in the process of creating

a CHES system per column 8 line 12. Hence, the "follow-ups" of Papageorge have no similarity to

the claimed follow-up questions in the questionnaire. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe that

the profile of the individual is updated based on one or more follow-up responses, as presently

claimed. As such, claims 2 and 11 are fully patentable over the cited reference and the rejections

should be reversed.

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5. Claims 3, 12 and 21 are patentable over Papageorge

Claim 3 depends, directly or indirectly, from claim 1 and, therefore, includes all the

limitations of claim 1. Consequently, the arguments presented above in support of claim 1 are

hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 3. Claim 12 depends, directly or indirectly,

from claim 10 and, therefore, includes all the limitations of claim 10. Consequently, the arguments

presented above in support of claim 10 are hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 12.

Claim 21 depends, directly or indirectly, from claim 19 and, therefore, includes all the limitations

of claim 19. Consequently, the arguments presented above in support of claim 19 are hereby

incorporated by reference in support of claim 21. However, claim 3 recites the further limitations

that (i) the profile further comprises a language of the individual and a current health condition of

the individual and (ii) the questionnaire generator also tailors the questionnaire in dependence upon

the language and the current health condition of the individual.

The Examiner cited column 7 line 65 to column 8 line 4 of Papageorge in the

rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding a

language of the patient. The Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support

the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Furthermore, Papageorge does not

appear to mention the word "language" anywhere in the text or figures. Therefore, Papageorge does

not describe that (i) the profile comprises a language of the individual, and a current health condition

of the individual and (ii) the questionnaire generator also tailors the questionnaire in dependence

upon the language and the current health condition of the individual as presently claimed. As such,

claims 3, 12 and 21 are fully patentable over the cited reference and the rejections should be

reversed

6. Claim 4 is patentable over Papageorge

Claim 4 depends, directly or indirectly, from claim 1 and, therefore, includes all the

limitations of claim 1. Consequently, the arguments presented above in support of claim 1 are

hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 4. However, the claim provides (from claim

1) (i) a profile for the individual, (from claim 4) (ii) a motivational profile and (from claim 4) (iii)

a comprehensive capacity profile.

The Examiner cited column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of Papageorge in the

rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding three

types of profiles. The Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the

conclusion that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the

burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations

as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, Papageorge only appears to mention a risk tolerance profile. One of

ordinary skill in the art would understand that the single risk tolerance profile of Papageorge could

match at best one of the three claimed profiles. The rest of Papageorge appears to be silent regarding

any other types of profiles. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe a profile for the individual, a

motivational profile and a comprehensive capacity profile, as presently claimed. As such, claim 4

is fully patentable over the cited reference and the rejection should be reversed.

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7. Claims 5 and 13 are patentable over Papageorge

Claim 5 depends, directly or indirectly, from claim 1 and, therefore, includes all the

limitations of claim 1. Consequently, the arguments presented above in support of claim 1 are

hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 5. Claim 13 depends, directly or indirectly.

from claim 10 and, therefore, includes all the limitations of claim 10. Consequently, the arguments

presented above in support of claim 10 are hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 13.

However, claim 5 recites a further limitation that the health related information (sent from the server

to the individual) comprises a request for additional responses.

The Examiner cited column 7 line 65 to column 8 line 4 in the rejection. In contrast,

the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding a request for additional

responses. The Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion

that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden

under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations as

arranged in the claims.

In contrast, the cited text of Papageorge only appears to describe items that effect

recent medical advances from studies. Nothing is said about sending requests to the patients for

additional responses. Therefore, Papageorge does not describe the health related information sent

from the server to the individual comprises a request for additional responses, as presently claimed.

As such, claims 5 and 13 are fully patentable over the cited reference and the rejections should be

reversed

8. Claims 7 and 16 are patentable over Papageorge

Claim 7 depends, directly or indirectly, from claim 1 and, therefore, includes all the

limitations of claim 1. Consequently, the arguments presented above in support of claim 1 are

hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 7. Claim 16 depends, directly or indirectly,

from claim 10 and, therefore, includes all the limitations of claim 10. Consequently, the arguments

presented above in support of claim 10 are hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 16.

However, claim 7 recites a further limitation that one or more measurements received by the server

from a monitoring device connected to the apparatus.

The Examiner cited column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of Papageorge in the

rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding any

monitoring type device connected to an Internet terminal that could measure a parameter of the

patient. The Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion

that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden

under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations as

arranged in the claims.

In contrast, column 8 lines 23-34 of Papageorge mentions "outcome data" from

published follow-up studies. However, Papageorge appears to be silent that the outcome data is

measured from the patient by a monitoring device. In particular, the CHES system appears to

operate before any testing is done on the patient per the Abstract of Papageorge. Therefore,

Papageorge does not describe one or more measurements received by the server from a monitoring

device connected to the apparatus, as presently claimed. As such, claims 7 and 16 are fully

patentable over the cited reference and the rejections should be reversed.

9. Claims 9 and 18 are patentable over Papageorge

Claim 9 depends, directly or indirectly, from claim 1 and, therefore, includes all the

limitations of claim 1. Consequently, the arguments presented above in support of claim 1 are

hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 9. Claim 18 depends, directly or indirectly,

from claim 10 and, therefore, includes all the limitations of claim 10. Consequently, the arguments

presented above in support of claim 10 are hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 18.

However, claim 9 recites a further limitation that medical information from electronic medical

records are received by the server from a services organization associated with the individual.

The Examiner cited column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of Papageorge in the

rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding electronic

medical records being provided from a services organization. The Examiner did not provide any

arguments or findings of fact to support the conclusion that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim.

Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge

discloses each of the claim limitations as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, the cited text of Papageorge only appears to mention (i) medical experts

and (ii) medical costs. Papageorge appears to be silent regarding anything that one of ordinary skill

in the art could consider being similar to the claimed electronic medical records. Furthermore,

Papageorge appears to be silent regarding a services organization that could possibly provide the

missing electronic medical records. Therefore, Papageorge does not appear to describe medical

information from electronic medical records are received by the server from a services organization

associated with the individual, as presently claimed. As such, claim 9 and 18 are fully patentable

over the cited reference and the rejections should be reversed.

10. Claim 22 is patentable over Papageorge

Claim 22 depends, directly or indirectly, from claim 19 and, therefore, includes all

the limitations of claim 19. Consequently, the arguments presented above in support of claim 19 are

hereby incorporated by reference in support of claim 22. However, the claim recites a further

limitation of simulating the questionnaire prior to the transmission of the questionnaire to the one

or more patient devices.

The Examiner cited column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of Papageorge in the

rejection. However, the cited text, and the rest of Papageorge appear to be silent regarding

simulations. The Examiner did not provide any arguments or findings of fact to support the

conclusion that Papageorge allegedly reads on the claim. Therefore, the Examiner did not meet the

burden under M.P.E.P. §2131 to establish that Papageorge discloses each of the claim limitations

as arranged in the claims.

In contrast, the text in column 8 line 4 to column 9 line 33 of Papageorge describes

an example of how to build a CHES system. The cited text appears to be silent regarding the CHES

system performing a simulation. Furthermore, Papageorge does not include any of the words

"simulate", "simulation" or "simulating". Therefore, Papageorge does not describe simulating the

questionnaire prior to the transmission of the questionnaire to the one or more patient devices, as

presently claimed. As such, claim 22 is fully patentable over the cited reference and the rejection

should be reversed.

B. CONCLUSION

The cited reference does not suggest a server generating a questionnaire. Papageorge

does not suggest one or more follow-up actions in the questionnaire. Papageorge does not suggest

associating each of the answer options with one of a second number of values representing a level

of risk. Papageorge does not suggest a database in a storage medium, the database containing model

information. Papageorge does not suggest patient information from one or more medical claims as

recited in claims 1-7, 9-16 and 18. Furthermore, Papageorge does not suggest displaying a plurality

of icons of a plurality of questions, a plurality of answers, a plurality of follow-up actions and a

plurality of follow-up answers. Papageorge does not suggest receiving a selection to each of a

particular question of the questions, a particular answer of the answers, a particular follow-up action

of the follow-up actions and a particular follow-up answer of the follow-up answers from a user.

Papageorge does not suggest linking the particular icons. Papageorge does not suggest converting

the linked icons into a questionnaire as recited in claims 19-22. Hence, the Examiner has clearly

erred with respect to the patentability of the claimed invention. It is respectfully requested that the

Board overturn the Examiner's rejection of all pending claims, and hold that the claims are not

rendered obvious by the cited reference. However, should the Board find the arguments herein in

support of independent claims 1, 10 and/or 19 unpersuasive, the Board is respectfully requested to

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carefully consider the arguments set forth above in support of each of the independently patentable groups.

Respectfully submitted,

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Christopher P. Maiorana Registration No. 42,829

Dated: March 12, 2009

c/o Sandeep Jaggi Health Hero Network

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VIII. CLAIM APPENDIX

The claims of the present application which are involved in this appeal are as follows:

A server comprising:

a questionnaire generator for (i) generating a questionnaire comprising (a) one or more questions for determining an expression of risk for an individual, (b) a first number of answer options to each of said questions and (c) one or more follow-up actions, wherein said expression of risk concerns at least one of a physical condition of said individual, a mental condition of said individual, and a behavior of said individual, (ii) associating each of said answer options with one of a second number of values representing a level of risk, said second number of values being greater than said first number of answer options and (iii) transmitting said questionnaire from said server to an apparatus, wherein said apparatus is (a) associated with said individual and (b) remotely located from said server;

a database in a storage medium, said database containing model information relating to (i) an aspect of care, (ii) said expression of risk and (iii) said level of risk; and

a profile generator for (i) generating a profile for said individual based on one or more of said aspects of care, responses to said questions, said expression of risk and said level of risk associated with said individual and (ii) sending health related information to said individual based on said profile, wherein data relating to said physical condition of said individual comprises patient information from one or more medical claims received by said server from a medical claims paying organization associated with said individual.

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2. The server of claim 1, wherein said profile of said individual is updated based on one or more follow-up responses. The server of claim 1, wherein (i) said profile further comprises a language 3. of said individual, and a current health condition of said individual and (ii) said questionnaire generator also tailors said questionnaire in dependence upon said language and said current health condition of said individual. The server of claim 1, wherein said questionnaire generator further generates a motivational profile and a comprehension capacity profile of said individual based on said responses to said questions received by said server from said apparatus. 5. The server of claim 1, wherein said health related information comprises: a request for additional responses; and educational information 6. The server of claim 5, wherein said educational information is received by

said server from an external source

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7. The server of claim 1, wherein said data relating to said physical condition of said individual further comprises one or more measurements received by said server from a monitoring device connected to said apparatus.

8 (CANCELED).

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- 9 The server of claim 1, wherein said data related to said physical condition of said individual further comprises medical information from electronic medical records received by said server from a services organization associated with said individual.
- 10. A method for providing customized health information to an individual, said method comprising the steps of:
- generating a questionnaire comprising (i) one or more questions for (A) determining an expression of risk for said individual, (ii) a first number of answer options to each of said questions and (iii) one or more follow-up actions, wherein said expression of risk concerns at least one of a physical condition of said individual, a mental condition of said individual, and a behavior of said individual:
- (B) associating each of said answer options with one of a second number of values representing a level of risk, wherein said second number is greater than said first number;
- (C) transferring said questionnaire from a server to an apparatus, wherein said apparatus is (i) associated with said individual and (ii) remotely located from said server;

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	(D) accessing a database in a storage medium, said database containing model			
information relating to (i) an aspect of care, (ii) said expression of risk and (iii) said l				
	(E) generating a profile for said individual based on one or more of said aspects			
	of care, responses to said questions, said expression of risk and said levels of risk associated with			
said individual; and				
	(F) sending health related information to said individual based on said profile			
	wherein data relating to said physical condition of said individual comprises patient information			
from one or more medical claims received by said server from a medical claims paying org				
	associated with said individual.			
	11. The method of claim 10, further comprising the step of:			
	updating said profile after said server receives one or more follow-up responses.			
	12. The method of claim 10, further comprising the steps of:			
	registering a language of said individual, and a current health condition of said			
individual in said profile; and				
	tailoring said questionnaire to said individual in dependence upon said language and			

said current health condition of said individual.

1	13.	The method of claim 10, wherein said health related information comprises:	
2	a request for additional responses; and		
3	educational information.		
1	14.	The method of claim 13, wherein said educational information is received by	
2	said server from an e	xternal source.	
1	15.	The method of claim 10, further comprising the step of:	
2	genera	ating a report comprising said profile.	
1	16.	The method of claim 10, wherein said data relating to said physical condition $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left($	
2	further comprises one or more measurements received by said server from a monitoring device		
3	connected to said app	paratus.	
	17.	(CANCELED).	
1	18.	The method of claim 10, wherein said data relating to said physical condition $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left($	
2	of said individual further comprises medical information from electronic medical records received		
3	by said server from a services organization associated with said individual.		

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19. A storage medium for use in a server to communicate with one or more patient devices, the storage medium recording a computer program that is readable and executable by the server, the computer program comprising the steps of: (A) displaying a plurality of icons of a plurality of questions, a plurality of answers, a plurality of follow-up actions and a plurality of follow-up answers; (B) receiving a selection to each of a particular question of said questions, a particular answer of said answers, a particular follow-up action of said follow-up actions and a particular follow-up answer of said follow-up answers from a user; (C) linking said icons of said particular question, said particular answer, said particular follow-up action and particular follow-up responses: (D) converting said linked icons into a questionnaire; and transmitting said questionnaire to said one or more patient devices over a (E) communication network

20. The storage medium of claim 19, wherein the computer program further comprises the step of:

assigning a position of said particular answer along a risk scale ranging from a low risk value to a high risk value.

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1	21. The storage medium of claim 19, further comprising the steps of:		
2	registering a language of an individual and a current health condition of said		
3	individual in a profile; and		
4	tailoring said program to said individual in dependence upon said language and said		
5	current health condition of said individual.		
1	22. The storage medium of claim 19, further comprising the step of:		
2	simulating said questionnaire prior to said transmission of said questionnaire to said		
3	one or more patient devices.		

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IX. EVIDENCE APPENDIX

None.

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X. RELATED PROCEEDINGS APPENDIX

None.

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